



Voluntary Report – Voluntary - Public Distribution **Date:** March 24, 2023

Report Number: CA2023-0008

Report Name: Canada Proposes Maximum Residue Limits for Benzovindiflupyr and Teflubenzuron

Country: Canada

Post: Ottawa

Report Category: Agricultural Situation, Fresh Deciduous Fruit

Prepared By: Alexandrea Watters

Approved By: Philip Hayes

Report Highlights:

Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA) announced two consultations on proposed maximum reside limits (MRL) for Benzovindiflupyr and Teflubenzuron. The consultation will be open until May 3, 2023 for Teflubenzuron and May 7, 2023 for Benzovindiflupyr. As proposed, the MRL for Teflubenzuron would be lower than the current American tolerance for apples. The MRL for Benzovindiflupyr would be lower than the current American tolerance for ginseng roots.

Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA) has announced 75 day consultations for proposed maximum residue limits (MRL) for <u>Benzovindiflupyr</u> and Tefkubenzuron.

Benzovindiflupyer

PMRA opened the proposed MRL consultation on February 21, 2023. The consultation will remain open until May 7, 2023. This is the result of an application to extend uses to the <u>crop subgroup</u> 1B. While most of the proposed MRLs match the current American tolerances, PMRA has proposed a lower MRL for ginseng roots:

Table 1- Comparison of proposed Canadian MRL and current American Tolerances.¹

Food Commodity	Proposed Canadian MRL	American Tolerance	Codex MRL
Ginseng roots	0.3	0.6 (crop subgroup 1B)	n/a

¹All MRLs expressed as parts per million (ppm).

The MRLs will be legally in effect once published in Canada's MRL Database. Comments on the proposed MRL can be submitted to PMRA via website, email, and other means by consulting the PMRA Publications Section. Reference *Proposed Maximum Residue Limit PMRL2023-14*, *Benzovindiflupyr* in any communications.

Teflubenzuron

PMRA opened the proposed MRL consultation on February 17, 2023. The consultation will remain open until May 3, 2023. This consultation is to establish MRLs for teflubenzuron on imported commodities. Currently, teflubenzuron is not registered for use in Canada. While most of the proposed MRLs match or exceed the current American tolerances, PMRA has proposed a lower MRL for fresh apples:

Table 1- Comparison of proposed Canadian MRL and current American Tolerances.¹

Food Commodity	Proposed Canadian MRL	American Tolerance	Codex MRL
Apples	0.5	1.0	0.5

¹All MRLs expressed as parts per million (ppm).

The MRLs will be legally in effect once published in Canada's MRL Database. Comments on the proposed MRL can be submitted to PMRA via website, email, and other means by consulting the PMRA Publications Section. Reference *Proposed Maximum Residue Limit PMRL2023-12*, *Teflubenzuron* in any communications.

Attachments:

No Attachments.